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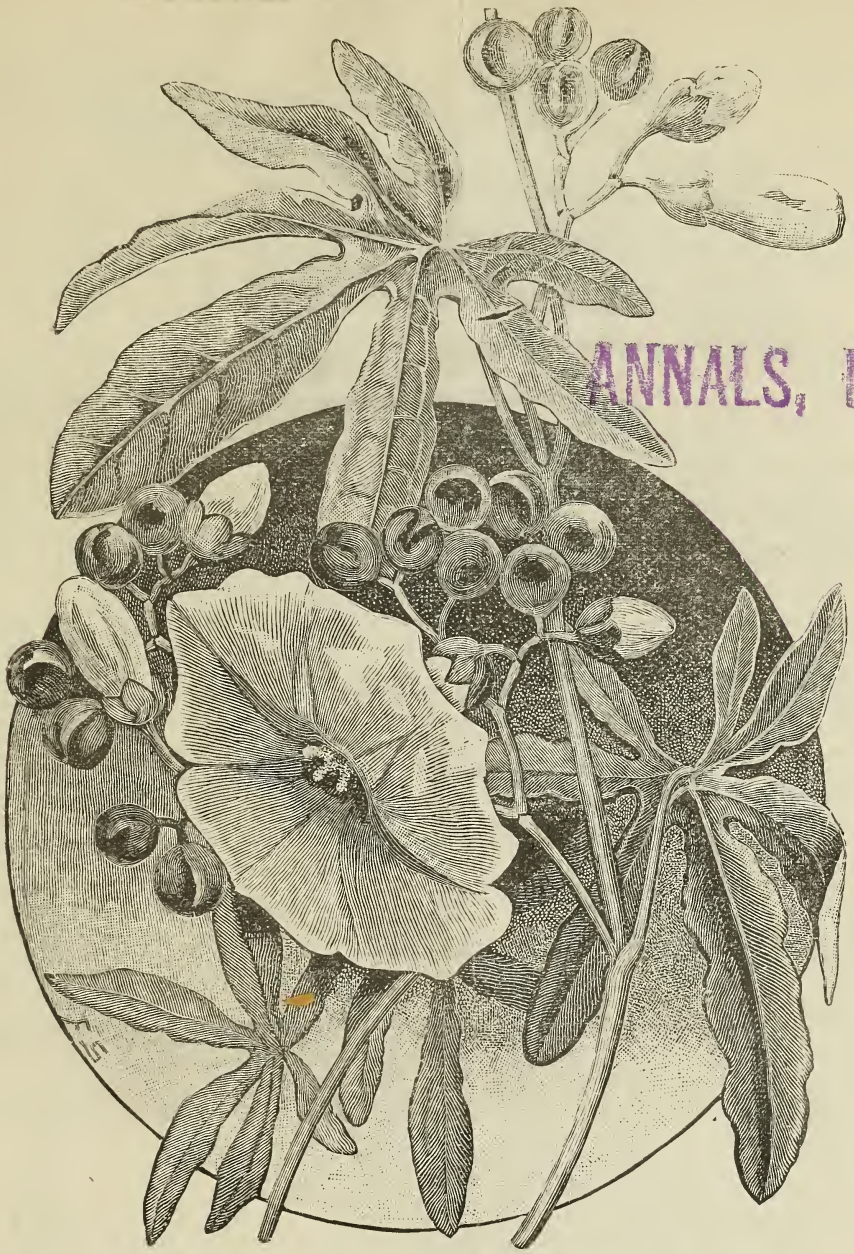
ANNALS, MCH 9



Ipomea Paniculata, called also by some I. Mexicana, is one of the best of the tuberous rooted Morning Glories. It forms large tuberous roots like Dahlias, requiring the same treatment in winter as Dahlias. The roots increase in size from year to year. Planted early in spring, it forms a strong vine from 20 to 30 feet high, beginning to bloom early and continuing to bloom until frost. The flowers are of a rich mauve color, about three inches in diameter. This plant is not so well-known as its merits justify. Regarding this very worthy specialty, it may not be amiss to say that at every place where it was used last year it gave perfect satisfaction, fulfilling every promise we had made for it.

The following expression from Mr. Falconer, under date of October 2nd, speaks very plainly and honestly for the plant. He says: "Ipomea Paniculata did splendidly with me. It is, all points considered, the best of the genus for amateurs to grow. By lifting the tubers now and wintering them dry in the cellar as we do Dahlia roots and planting them outside in a warm aspect in May, they will grow and bloom beautifully all summer long. Ours are still, October 2, in perfect verdure and full of their reddish purple flowers."

Mr. F. E. Carr, Practical Landscape Gardener of West Cleveland, O., says: "I am glad you have strong plants of Ipomea Paniculata, I like them very much. The two small ones I got last year made a grand show. They went to the peak of the house and fell half way down again before frost came, and bloomed very profusely.

CLIMBING VINES—Continued.

	Doz.	100	1000
WISTARIA.—American, 2 years, strong	1 25		
" Magnifica, 2 years, transplanted, 1 to 2 feet	75	4 00	
" " 3 to 4 years, transplanted, strong	1 00		

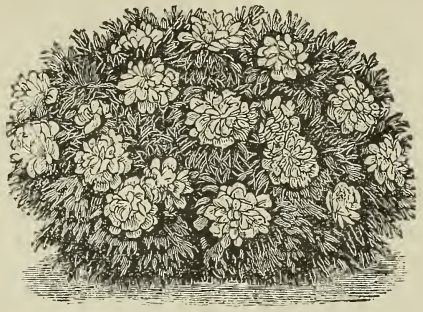
HARDY. HERBACEOUS PLANTS, BULBS AND TUBERS.

ACORUS CALAMUS VARIEGATUS—Variegated Sweet Flag. One of the finest of all variegated foliage plants, flourishing on either dry or moist soil, Variegation always bright and distinct	$ 2 00	$	$
ACHILLEA.—"The Pearl," open ground roots	1 00		
" " " Rooted Cuttings, ready to pot	25	1 00	7 50
ASCLEPIUS TUBEROSA.—2 year seedlings, nursery grown	1 00	6 00	
ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA.—Transplanted	2 00		
COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA—Open ground roots	75	5 00	
" " Rooted Plants, ready to pot	25	1 50	10 00
EULALIA JAPONICA VARIEGATA	1 00		
" **GRACILLIMA.**—Good roots,	1 00	4 00	
" **ZEBRINA**	1 25		
FUNKIA CERULEA GRANDIFLORA	1 25		
HELIANTHUS—Multiflora Plena	1 00		
HIBISCUS—Crimson Eye. 1 year	75	4 00	
HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.—2 years, medium	50	1 00	
" " 1 year,	25	75	4 00
Hemerocallis—Distichia. Large double flowers, strong plants	75	2 00	15 00
" Flava, Yellow Day Lily, very fragrant flowers	1 00	4 00	
" Kwanso Variegata, distinct variegated foliage, double orange red flowers	2 00		
Iris Kempferi.—Ten fine named sorts	1 50	8 00	
" Fine mixed, from named sorts	1 00	4 00	
Lily Elegans.—(Fulgens.) Large orange red flowers	1 00	5 00	
" Double Tiger	50	3 00	20 00
" " " Medium flowering bulbs		2 00	15 00
Montbretia.—Bouquet Parfait, large, silvery yellow, upper part salmon	1 00		
" Crocosmiflora, scarlet, free flowering	1 00	6 00	
" Etoile de Feu, very large flower, vermilion, yellow center	1 00		
" Gerb d'Or, dwarf, entire flower lemon yellow, distinct	1 25		
" Grandiflora, very large scarlet flowers on strong stalks	1 25		
Paeonia.—Herbaceous, in 25 choice named kinds, good divided roots	2 00	10 00	
" " " in 100 choice named kinds, 1 each, good divided roots		25 00	
" " fine mixed sorts	1 50	8 00	
Platycodon Grandiflora,—2 years	1 50		
Poppy Oriental,—Immense crimson flowers, with black center, nice pot plants	1 50	10 00	
Spirea Lobata,—(Queen of the Meadow.) 2 years,	1 25	6 00	
Yucca Filamentosa.—2 year seedlings, transplanted	1 00	4 00	
" Augustifolia, 2 years, a very rare and beautiful plant	2 50		

TENDER FLOWERING BULBS AND PLANTS.

Amaryllis Formosissima.—Strong	$ 1 25	$ 7 00	
" Johnsoni	3 00		
" **Vallota Purpurea,**	1 25		
" Vittata, good bulbs,	1 00	5 00	
" or Zephyranthus Candida, fine, white	75		
" " Rosea, rose colored	50	3 00	
Canna.—Fine mixed from named sorts	75	4 00	
Calocacia Arborea Odorata.—Plants of various sizes, 15c, 25c, 30c, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50 each			
Caladium Esculentum.—About 4 inches circumference	1 00		
" " " 3 " "	50	4 00	
Cooperia Pedunculata.—White flowering, fragrance of Tuberose, strong	1 00	5 00	
Coburgia Incarnatum	1 50	10 00	
Dahlias.—Unnamed sorts, divided roots	75	3 00	
Gladiolus, Snow White.—Best White	2 00		
" Fifty fine named kinds, Gandavensis type	1 00	4 00	
" Very fine, mixed, all colors, including some of Lemoine's Hyorids	50	2 00	
" Max Leitlin's new hybrids also called Childsii. These are claimed to be the strongest growers, with the largest and finest flowers ever produced. After one season's test I believe they will equal the claims made for them. All colors mixed	3 00	20 00	
" Dracocephalus	1 00		
" Sandersoni, very fine, scarlet	2 00	15 00	
" Purpurea Auratus	50	1 50	6 00
Ismene.—Hymenocallis, Calathina, White Amaryllis, strong	2 00		
" " Undulata, strong	1 00	4 00	
Ipomea Paniculata—Strong	1 00	6 00	
" " " Nice mailing size	75	4 00	
" " " Well rooted for planting out	50	3 00	
" Ficifolia (Fig Leaved), light purple flowers	1 00		
" Learii, Blue Moon-flower, fine	1 00		
" Grandiflora, White Moon-flower, from pots	75		
Oxalis Deppi Alba.—White	10,000, $10.00	50	2 00
" " Rosea, Old Rose or Salmon		20	6 00
" Eryphilla Alba, white		50	2 00
" " Purpurea, purple		50	2 00
" Lasiandra, crimson, tall, fine palmate leaves		1 50	
Tritoma Uvaria.—1 year grown	75	4 00	
" " Grandiflora, 1 year	1 00	6 00	
Tuberose.—Double Pearl, blooming bulbs	25	1 50	
" Variegated Leaved, blooming bulbs	75	2 00	
" Albino, branching orange flowered	1 00	5 00	
Agave Americana.—Century Plant, 8 to 12 inches, 6 to 8 leaves	1 50		
" " " " 6 to 8 inches, 5 to 8 leaves	1 00		
" " Variegated Leaved, 6 to 10 inches, 5 to 8 leaves	1 50		
Cereus Grandiflora.—Night-blooming Cereus, 2 to 3 feet	2 00		
" " " " 12 to 15 inches	1 25		
" " " " 8 to 10 inches	1 00		
" " " " smaller	50	5 00	

	Doz.	100	1000
Cereus Columbrinus, 2 to 3 feet	3 00		
" Triangularis, 1 to 2 feet	2 00		
Phyllocactus Latifrons. (Queen Cactus). 10 to 15 inches	1 50		
Stapelia Variegata.—4 to 6 inches	1 00	5 00	
Water Hyacinth.—Home grown	75	5 00	



HERBACEOUS PÆONIES.

Of these hardy plants we have one of the best collections in the country, embracing about 200 be autifu named sorts. We can supply desirable collections to those who wish them. For prices see 3d page.

NEW EARLY FLOWERING TUBEROSE, "ALBINO."

The characteristics of this early flowering single white Tuberose are such as to make it most popular. The petals recurve gracefully, which adds greatly to the size of the individual flower. The flower spike is very large and evenly filled. It blooms about 30 days earlier than the ordinary kinds. Each bulb produces from two to five flower stems, a very unusual thing, and these stems are frequently branched, but its great merit above all other Tuberoses is that it is entirely free from the brown tint common to the old sorts on the back of the petals, the tube and expanded petals being of the finest waxy white, making this one of the most valuable plants ever introduced for cut flowers. For prices see 3d page.

VARIEGATED LEAVED ORANGE FLOWERED TUBEROSE.

The leaves of this variety are bordered with creamy white, making a handsome plant before blooming The flowers are single, almost exactly like an orange bloom. The plants begin to flower very early. And the same bulbs bloom year after year. Smaller bulbs of this variety will bloom than of the older kinds.

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NEW HARDY HIBISCUS.

Crimson Eye.—This grand hardy perennial Hibiscus is a robust grower with dark red stems and large foliage. The flowers are immense in size, often measuring 20 inches in circumference. The color is of the purest white, with a large spot of deep, velvety crimson in the center of each flower. It is a striking combination of color, and one that must be seen to be fully appreciated. A well-developed plant will produce several hundred of these flowers in a season. It will succeed anywhere, and is perfectly hardy, blooming the first year. See page 3.

HIBISCUS--CRIMSON EYE.

"OHMER" BLACKBERRY.

The Ohmer was introduced by, and named for, Nicholas Ohmer, of Ohio, the introducer of the Gregg Raspberry. I have fruited this variety for six years, in the same field with all the leading varieties of Blackberries, and it has uniformly excelled all others in size, beauty, quality and productiveness. The plants are as hardy as Snyder or Ancient Briton. "Hardy, healthy, very large; ripening after raspberries are gone, and lasting till late in August when prices are up. Excellent quality, firm, no core; sweet before fully ripe, which makes it superior to Lawton. Five points which recommend this berry: Hardy, late, large, productive and of the finest flavor. Mr. Ohmer also says brings $1 to $2 more a stand than Snyder or Taylor. As large as the largest, as hardy as any good berry; very productive, strong grower, finest quality and late."